

YOUR SAFETY IS OUR PASSION



## FIRE EXTINGUISHER SELECTION CHART

		A	B	C	E	F	Source: AS 2444-2001 Portable fire extinguishers and fire blankets- Selection and location Class D fires involve combustible metals and require special purpose extinguishers and expert advice. <b>Limited</b> indicates that the extinguisher is not the agent of choice for the class of fire and will have only limited extinguishing capability.
		Water, Paper & Plastic	Flammable Liquids	Flammable gases	Energised Electric Equipment	Cooking Oils & Fats	
	<b>Water</b>	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	Dangerous if used on flammable liquid, energised electrical equipment and cooking oil/fat fires.
	<b>Foam</b>	✓	✓	✗	✗	- Limited	Dangerous if used on energised electrical equipment.
	<b>Carbon Dioxide (CO2)</b>	- Limited	- Limited	✗	✓	✗	Generally, not suitable for outdoor use. Suitable only for small fires.
	<b>Wet Chemical</b>	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	Dangerous if used on energised electrical equipment.
	<b>Powder ABE</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	Special powers are available specifically for various types of metal fires.
	<b>Powder BE</b>	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	Special powers are available specifically for various types of metal fires.
	<b>Fire Blanket</b>	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	Effective on small oil/fat fires within kitchens. Also used to extinguish clothing fires.